



4070 Fully Automatic Bottle Filler/Capper Operating Instructions

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Milk Processing Equipment Warranty & Terms



12 MONTH LIMITED WARRANTY:

Your milk processing equipment from Carriage Machine Shop LLC (CMS LLC) is warranted for a period of 12 months from the date of manufacture, subject to the terms & conditions as follows:

- CMS LLC will repair or replace any part of our milk processing equipment which becomes faulty within a period of 12 months from purchase, provided the milk processing equipment is returned to us, shipping paid, and that the milk processing equipment has only been used in the normal and correct way. We reserve the right to change/improve specifications from time to time without notice. **Any repairs or modifications performed by anyone other than CMS LLC automatically voids this warranty.**
- Parts: CMS LLC will replace, at no charge to the owner, any defective parts which CMS LLC determines affects the operation of the milk processing equipment. Replacement parts will be shipped to the owner. Owner is responsible for shipping costs.
- Labor: The owner may at his option and with CMS LLC approval, have the milk processing equipment shipped to our shop for repair. All labor and material costs for repair at the factory will be borne by CMS LLC, but the owner assumes all shipping costs. **Should the owner choose a source other than CMS LLC to repair the milk processing equipment, this warranty will be voided and CMS LLC no longer assumes responsibility for the milk processing equipment.**
- Warranty applies to original owner only.

SHIPPING DAMAGES:

Shipping damages must be reported within 24 hours of delivery. Please keep your milk processing equipment and all packing materials for possible inspection. If the milk processing equipment returned under this clause is found to be perfect and in full working order, the equipment will be returned to you and an administration fee of 15% of the purchase price plus the shipping cost back to you will be charged.

RETURNS:

No returns will be accepted unless authorized by a representative of CMS LLC. Merchandise will be credited when it is in our warehouse. Return shipping costs must be prepaid. A 25% restocking fee applies to all returned or refused merchandise. No returns will be accepted after 30 days unless upon agreement. Items to be returned must be in original condition.

NOTICE:

Carriage Machine Shop will not be liable or responsible for any type of accident that may arise from any of our products. Use all of our products at your own risk.

TERMS:

Wholesale accounts get 1% discount when paid in 10 days, net 30. Retail customers payment is due upon receipt.

**For replacement parts or service,
please contact the manufacturer:**



CMQ Milk Equipment
717-397-4079 ext 125

A department of:



General Safety Rules

WARNING: READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS

Failure to follow the safety rules listed below and other basic safety precautions may result in serious personal injury.

KNOW YOUR BOTTLER

Read and attain a thorough understanding of the owner's manual and label attached to the bottler. Study your bottler application limitations and its potential hazards.

KEEP SAFETY SHIELDS IN PLACE

The shields must be maintained in working order.

KEEP THE WORK AREA CLEAN

Disorderly work area can cause accidents. Ensure that the floors do not become slippery as a result of liquids or any other materials.

AVOID DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENTS

Keep your work area well illuminated. Provide adequate surrounding work space.

KEEP CHILDREN AND ALL OTHER GUESTS AWAY FROM THE BOTTLER

All guests should be positioned at a safe distance from the work area.

DON'T FORCE THE BOTTLER

Your bottler will perform better and safer at the rate for which it is designed. Don't force the bottler to perform a job for which it was not designed.

WEAR THE PROPER APPAREL

Do not wear any loose clothing.

DON'T OVERREACH

Keep proper footing and balance at all times.

MAINTAIN YOUR BOTTLER WITH CARE

Clean your bottler frequently in order to maintain the safest operation.

DISCONNECT YOUR BOTTLER

Before servicing your bottler or when changing accessories, disconnect the unit.

AVOID ACCIDENTAL STARTING

Ensure that the switch is in the OFF position before plugging in your bottler.

NEVER STAND ON THE BOTTLER

Serious injury may result if the bottler is tipped.

CHECK ANY DAMAGED PARTS

If any part of the bottler is damaged, discontinue use until the part is carefully checked to ensure that it will operate properly and perform its intended function. Check for alignment of moving parts, binding of moving parts, breakage of parts, mounting, and any other control factors that may affect its operation.

NEVER LEAVE THE BOTTLER UNATTENDED WHILE IT'S RUNNING

Turn off the power before walking away.

DRUG / ALCOHOL / MEDICATION

Do not operate the bottler while under the influence of drugs, alcohol or any medication.

USE THE PROPER EXTENSION CORD

Your bottler is equipped with a polarized plug (one blade is wider than the other) to reduce the risk of electrical shock. This plug will fit in a polarized outlet only one way. If the plug does not fit fully in the outlet, reverse the plug. If it still does not fit, contact a qualified electrician install the proper outlet. DO NOT change the plug in any way.

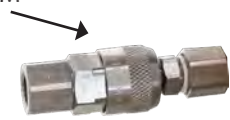
Specific Safety Rules

- **Always** keep your hands out of pinch areas.
- **Avoid** awkward operations and hand positions.
- **Never** use solvents to clean plastic parts. Use approved cleaning solutions.
- **Never** alter your bottler. Altering or modifying the bottler is considered misuse and may result in hazardous conditions.
- **Always** replace the power cord immediately if the power cord is worn or damaged in any way to avoid shock or fire hazard.
- **Only** use Carriage Machine Shop replacement parts. Any other parts may create a hazard.



Power Supply Requirements

- 110 plug needs a 20 amp breaker
- 120 psi clean compressed air 5 CFM



Grounding Instructions

All grounded, cord-connected tools: In the event of a malfunction or breakdown, grounding provides a path of least resistance for electric current to reduce the risk of electrical shock. This tool is equipped with an electric cord having an equipment-grounding conductor and a grounding plug. The plug must be plugged into a matching outlet that is properly installed and grounded in accordance with all local codes and ordinances. Do not modify the plug provided - if it will not fit the outlet, have the proper outlet installed by a qualified electrician.

Improper connection of the equipment-grounding conductor can result in a risk of electrical shock. The conductor with insulation having an outer surface that is green with or without yellow stripes is the equipment-grounding conductor. If repair or replacement of the electric cord or plug is necessary, do not connect the equipment-grounding conductor to a live terminal.

Check with a qualified electrician or service personnel if the grounding instructions are not completely understood, or if in doubt as to whether the tool is properly grounded.

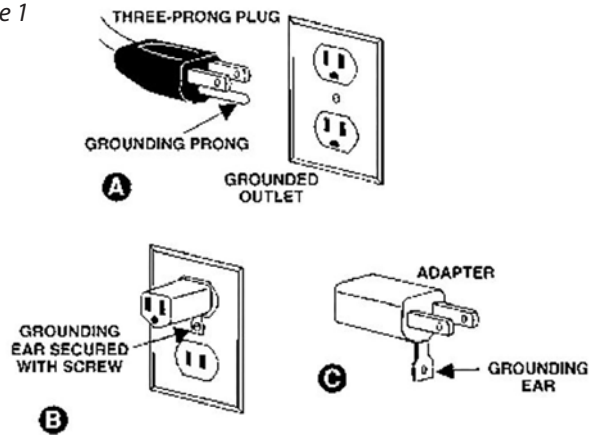
Use only 3-wire extension cords that have 3-prong grounding plugs and 3-pole receptacles that accept the tool's plug. Repair or replace damage or worn cords immediately.

Grounded, cord-connected tools intended for use on a supply circuit having a nominal rating less than 150 volts:

This tool is intended for use on a circuit that has an outlet that looks like the one illustrated in Figure 1(A). The tool has a grounding plug that looks like the plug illustrated in (A). A temporary adapter, which looks like the adapter illustrated in Figure 1(B&C), may be used to connect this plug to a 2-pole receptacle as shown in (B) if a properly grounded outlet is not available. The temporary adapter should be used only until a properly grounded outlet can be installed by a qualified electrician. (This adapter is not applicable in Canada.) The green-colored rigid ear, lug, and the like, extending from the adapter must be connected to a permanent ground such as a properly grounded outlet box.

Make sure the tool is connected to an outlet having the same configuration as the plug. No permanent adapter is available or should be used with this tool. If the tool must be reconnected for use on a different type of electric circuit, the reconnection should be made by qualified service personnel and after reconnection, the tool should comply with all local codes and ordinances.

Figure 1



Extension Cords

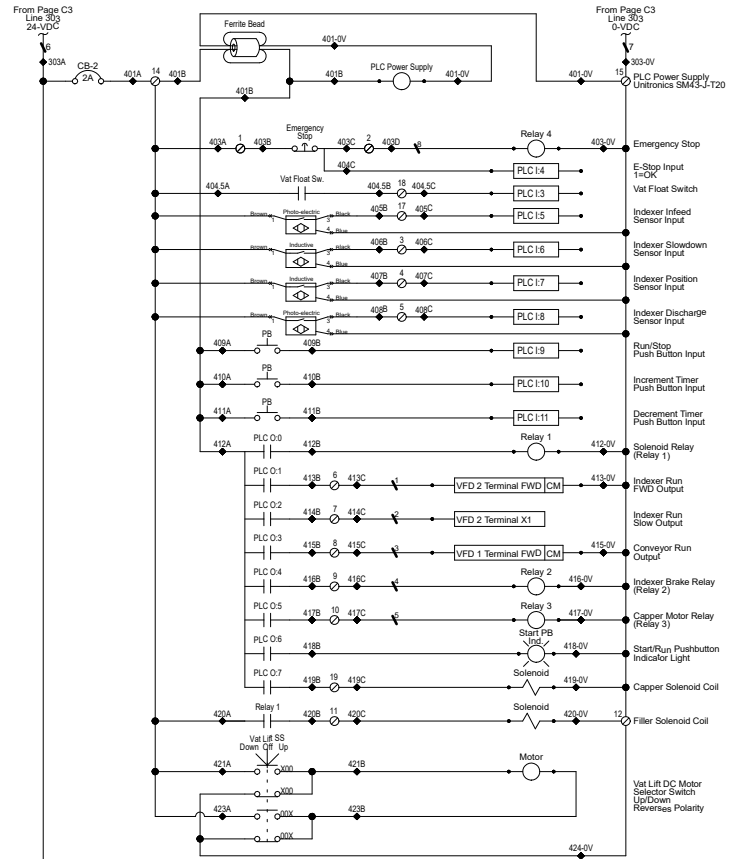
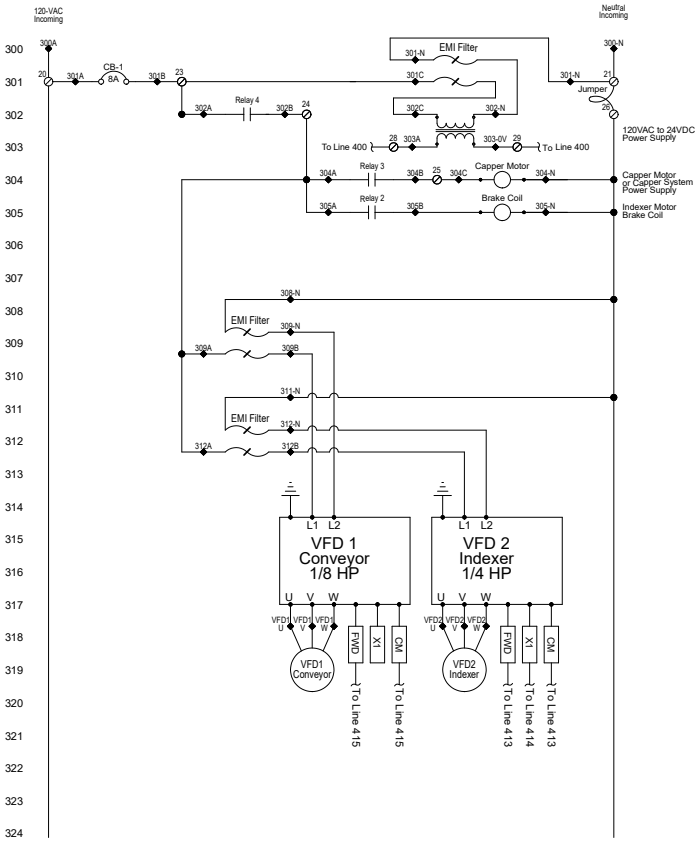
If an extension cord is necessary, make sure the cord rating is suitable for the amperage listed on the machine's motor plate. An undersized cord will cause a drop in line voltage resulting in loss of power and overheating. Use the chart below as a general guide in choosing the correct size cord. If in doubt, use the next heavier gauge. The smaller the gauge number, the heavier the cord.

Recommended Gauges (AWG) of Extension Cords

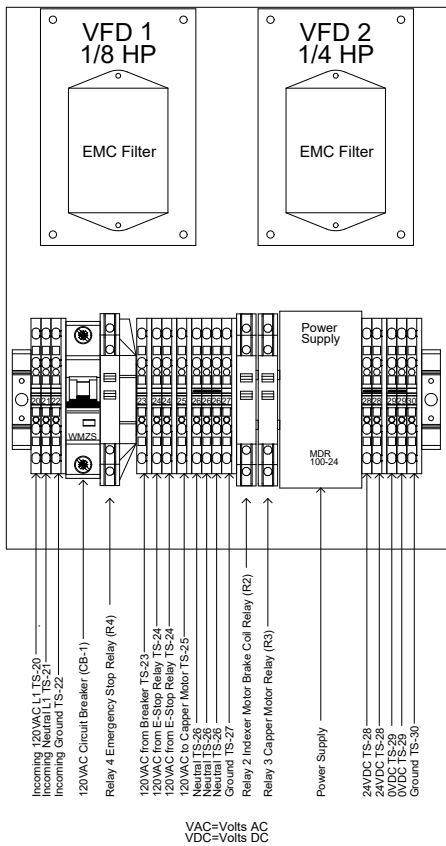
Amps	Extension Cord Length *					
	25 feet	50 feet	75 feet	100 feet	150 feet	200 feet
< 5	18	18	18	14	12	12
5 to 8	18	18	14	12	10	NR
8 to 12	14	14	12	10	NR	NR
12 to 15	12	12	10	10	NR	NR
15 to 20	10	10	10	NR	NR	NR
21 to 30	10	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR

*based on limiting the line voltage drop to 5V at 150% of the rated amperes.
NR: Not Recommended.

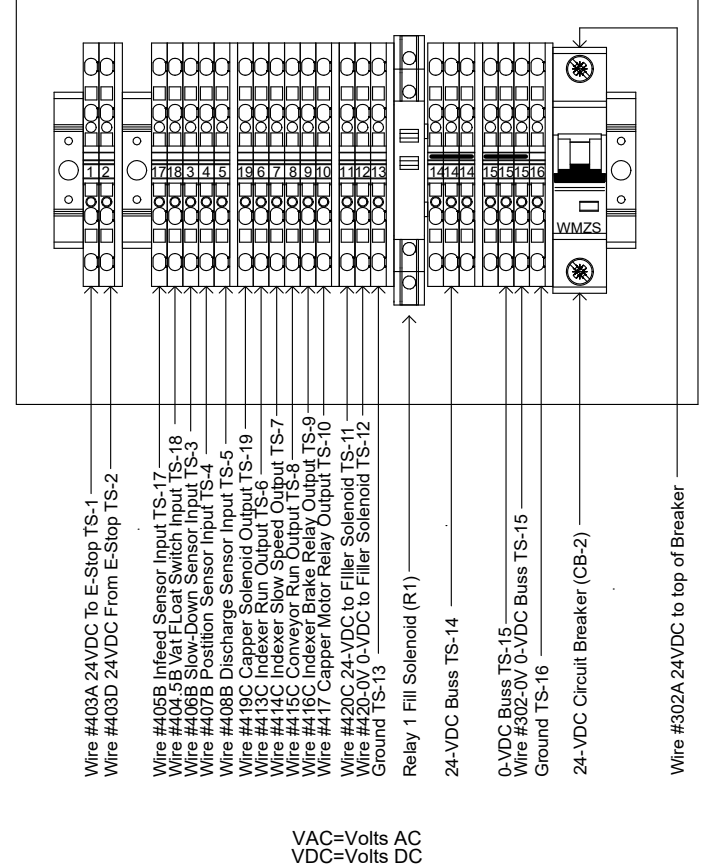
Auto Indexing Wiring Diagrams



White Motor Control Box

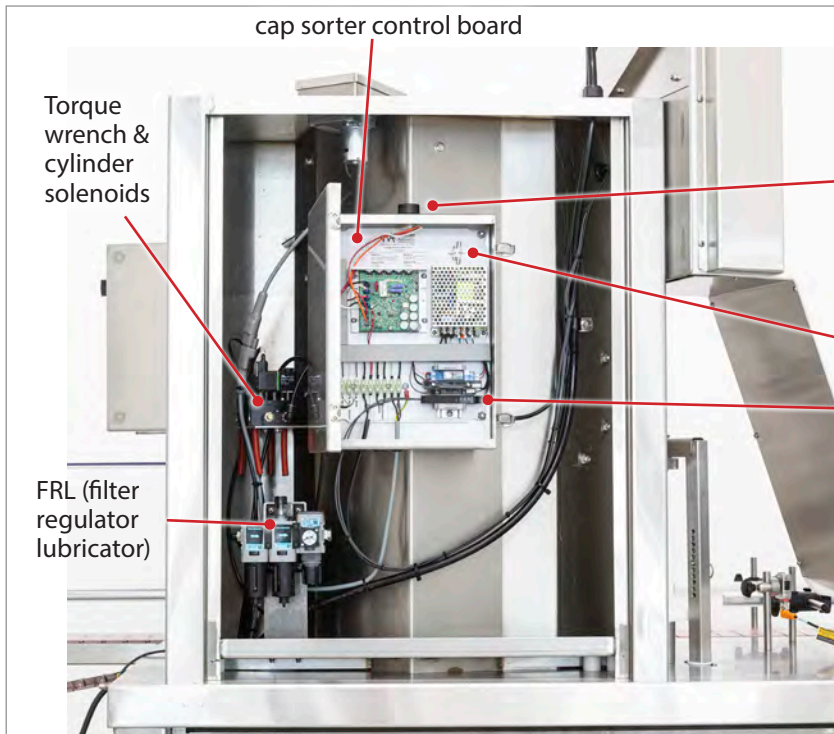


Stainless Steel Touchscreen Box



Getting to Know Your Bottler / Identification of Parts





Inline capper adjustment



spare fuse

fiberoptic power adjustment



lift cylinder

Vat & Fogg filler valve assembly

- 1 Place valve sleeve onto valve assembly tool.
- 2 Insert valve assembly tool into Fogg diaphragm and slide until seated properly like photo #2a.
- 3 Insert valve stem into bottler vat like photo 3a.
- 4 Slide Fogg diaphragm assembly over valve stem onto vat.
- 5 Place O-ring into groove of valve stem.
- 6 Flip vat onto its side, and place clip as shown in photo 6a. If clip is installed upside down, the valve will not feel secured.
- 7 Install Fogg splash deflector onto valve stem.
- 8 Install vat with assembled Fogg valve onto bottler. Secure vat clamp.
- 9 Assemble fill tube into lid, then place onto vat.



To disassemble Fogg valve follow these steps:

- 1 Release vat clamp and remove from slider.
- 2 Release clip on inside of vat by pulling away from stem. Nozzle stem comes out completely. Remove stem from white diaphragm and disassemble all parts for proper cleaning
- 3 Remove the O-ring on bottom of nozzle,
- 4 Pull off white diaphragm until it comes off the stem



The VentraFlow valve

The VentraFlow valve both improves filling accuracy and reduces filling losses. This high velocity valve efficiently handles milk, water, juice products, wine, syrups, edible oils, pharmaceuticals, chemicals and other light liquids that will flow readily by gravity.

Features

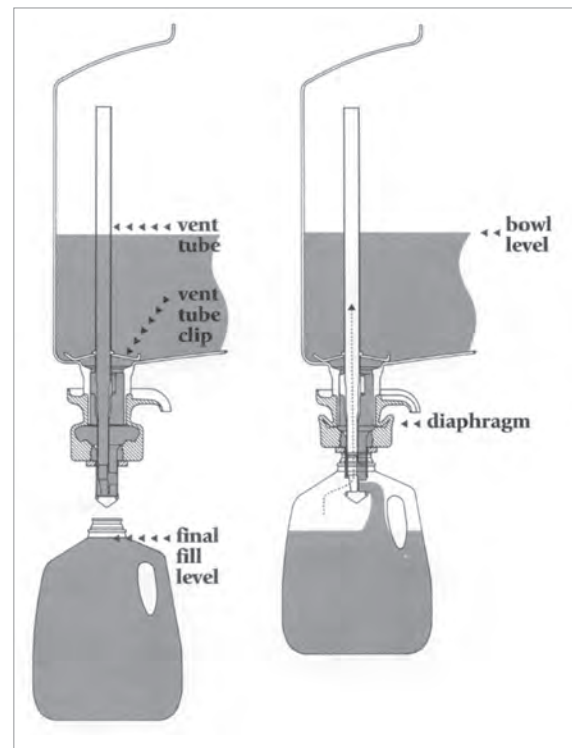
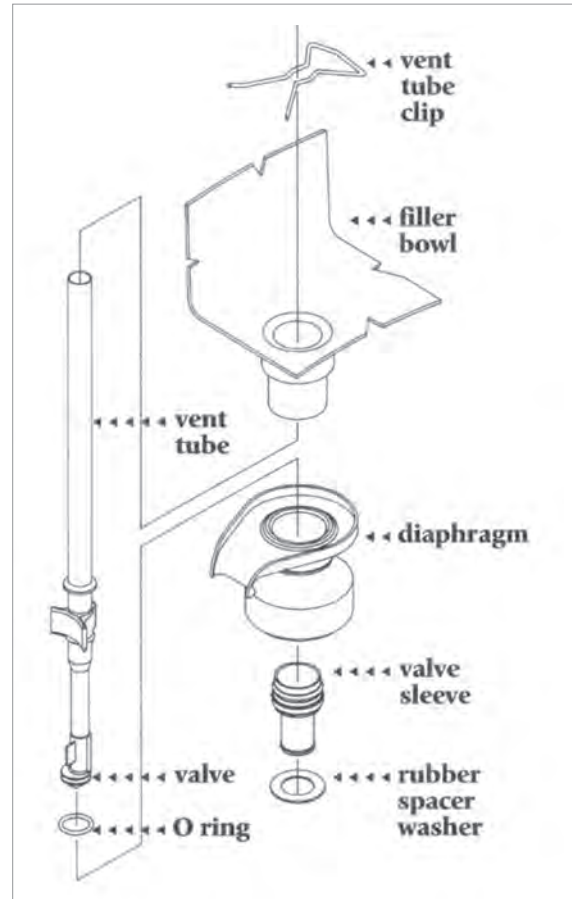
- Only five basic parts
- Easy clean up
- Made of food-grade stainless steel and FDA materials
- Valves can be all metal or VentraFlow with silicone diaphragms
- Quick change over
- Ozone and chemical resistant for bottled water, and cleaning solutions

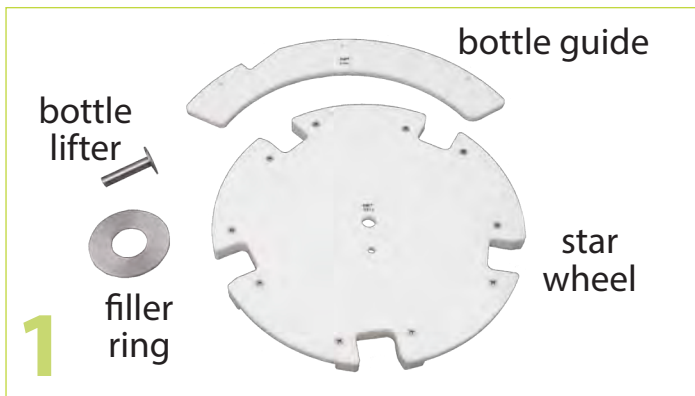
Accurate Filling

Fogg's VentraFlow valves use an air lock principal to attain very accurate fill levels. When liquid reaches the end of the valve sleeve, air cannot escape; pressure is created at the top of the bottle, and no more liquid can enter. This air lock provides continuous fill level accuracy.

Controlled Filling

The filling level is established by how far the telescoping valve sleeve extends into the bottle. Fill level can be set and controlled through use of various sizes of valve space washers which are easily added or removed.





Preparing the Bottler Star Wheel Templates

1. Select desired template and parts (pint, quart, half gallon, or gallon).
2. Insert bottle lifter plate and filler ring.
3. Place bottle guide on 4 pins.
4. Place star wheel on shaft.
5. Adjust bottle guides to fit bottle.

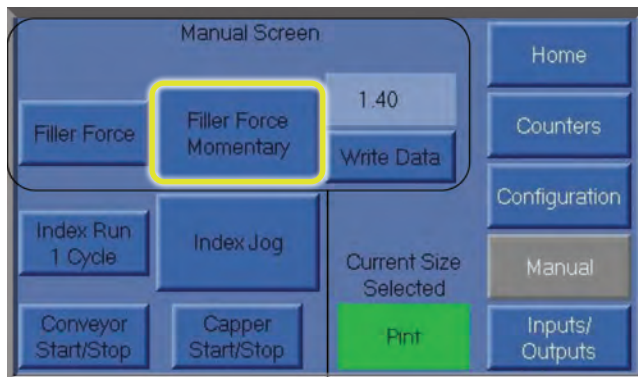


- Adjust filling nozzle to the correct position for filling. Turn vat lift knob to move vat to correct height for filling.

Suggested height approximately 1/4" above bottle



- Press "Filler Force Momentary" button to test proper vat height.



- If desired product level in container is not achieved, adjust the fill level by sliding extra rubber washers ($\frac{1}{8}$ ", $\frac{1}{4}$ " and $\frac{3}{8}$ " washers are included with every bottler) over the stainless fill nozzle until desired level is achieved. The more washers you add the higher the fill level will be.



9. **Filling the cap bin:** This is the large stainless container with the stainless lid. Open the lid and fill with the proper amount of caps.

NOTE: Do not overfill or force the lid on. The elevator needs space in the container to operate properly. It is better to put fewer caps in and refill as needed rather than to overfill causing the elevator to malfunction. We recommend a maximum of 350 caps at a time.



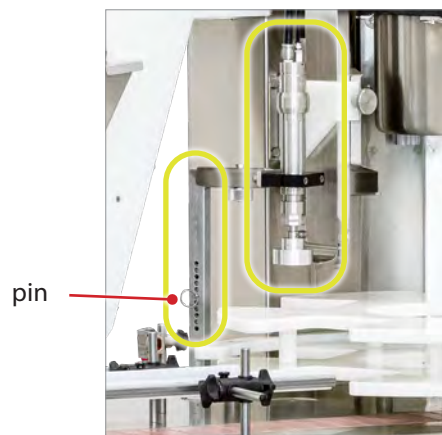
10. Press "Index Jog" on manual screen to advance bottle to cap applicator. Loosen the knob and adjust the cap applicator head up or down, until cap properly sits on top of bottle without being forced. The cap applicator is not meant to completely apply the cap, only to *place* it properly.

11. The catch fingers on the cap applicator are adjusted properly for standard size caps at our factory when the bottler is manufactured. If you need to adjust the cap fingers for non-standard caps, simply adjust the screw on the front of the cap applicator. There is a locking nut and spring that will adjust.

For other style bend fingers to adjust if necessary



12. Push the "Filler Force Momentary" button to make the torque wrench/stomper descend to finish the cap application. If the stomper needs to be adjusted, pull the pin and insert at the desired height.



HOME SCREEN



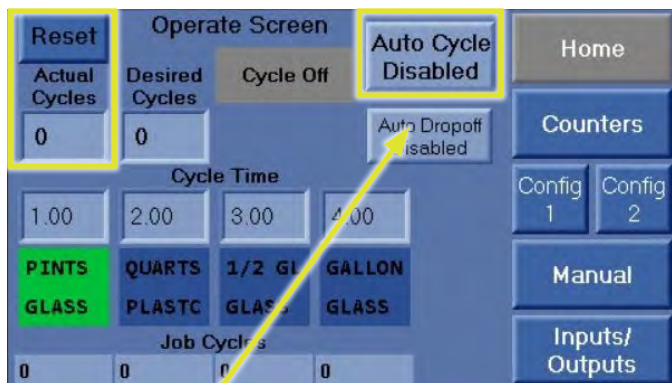
Select one of the 4 sizes you want to fill.

Tap the number above to enter a fill time for that size. 1=1 second.

Auto Cycle

Tap the "Desired Cycles" number to enter the number of cycles you want to run. When the "Desired Cycles" is reached, the red "Desired Cycles Reached" flag will appear, and the bottler will shut off. Press the reset button to clear the flag and be able to run again.

Press the reset button anytime to reset the actual cycles to zero.



Auto Cycle

To start or stop the auto cycle, press the "Auto Cycle Enabled/Disabled" Button. This will start the conveyor and enable the auto cycle.

To start the auto cycle, press and hold the green "Run/ Stop" pushbutton. To pause the cycle press the "Run/ Stop" pushbutton. To un-pause and keep running, press and hold the "Run/ Stop" pushbutton again.

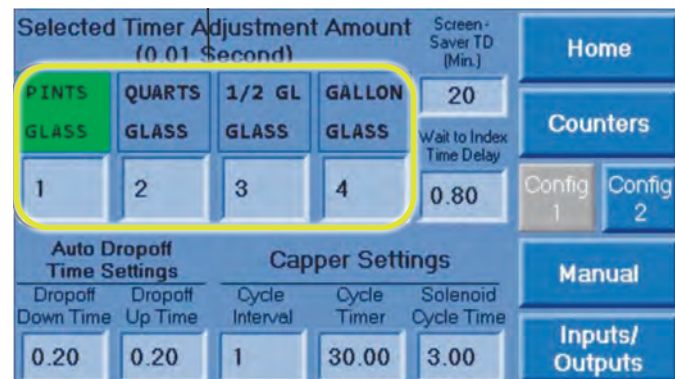
If a bottle is still in the indexer on the discharge side when the machine is ready for the next index, an orange "Discharge Conveyor Full" flag will appear on the screen and the machine will automatically pause. When the sensor is clear for a few seconds, the machine will automatically start running again.

If there are no bottles on the conveyor on the infeed side of the indexer, a yellow "Waiting for Bottles" flag will appear on the screen and the machine will automatically pause. Once the Infeed Sensor senses bottles again, the machine will wait a few seconds, and then automatically start running again. Note: If you need to temporarily over-ride this sensor, (for example to finish the last few bottles), continuously hold the green "Run/ Stop" pushbutton.



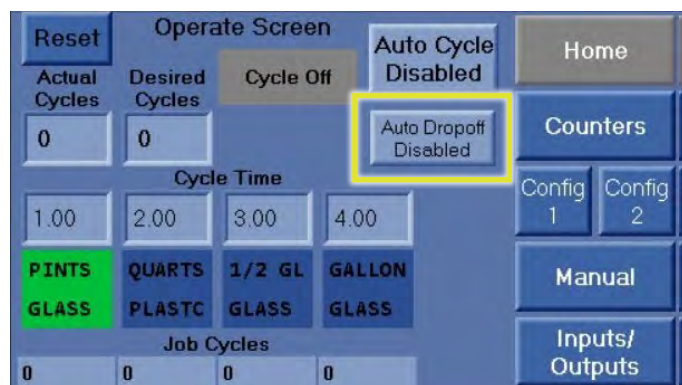
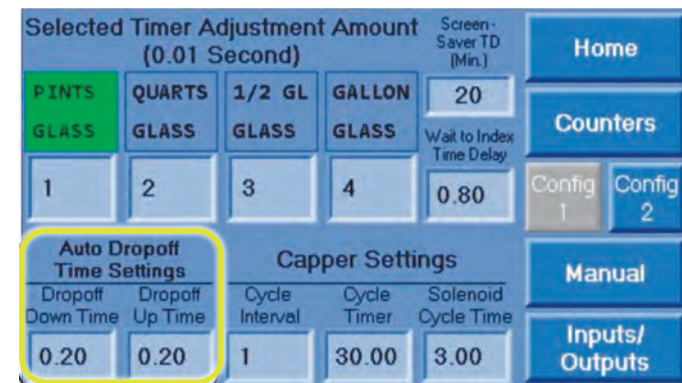
Auto Cycle

Use the green "Selected Timer Up" and "Selected Timer Down" pushbuttons to adjust the fill time for the current size selection. The amount the buttons adjust the time can be set in the configuration page. Tap the number to type in a different number. For example, the number 1 = 10 milliseconds or 0.01 second.



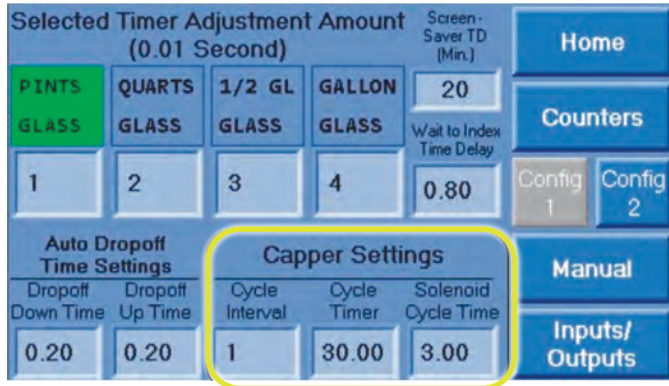
Auto Drop-off

The "Auto Dropoff Enabled/Disabled" button enables or disables the auto drop-off sequence. When enabled, at the end of a fill cycle, the filler will drop down for a set amount of time and then go up again for a set amount of time before dropping down again and indexing. The "Auto Dropoff Time Settings" on the configuration screen allow you to set the amount of time the filler drops down and goes up at the end of the fill cycle. **Note that these time values are specific to the current bottle size that is selected.**



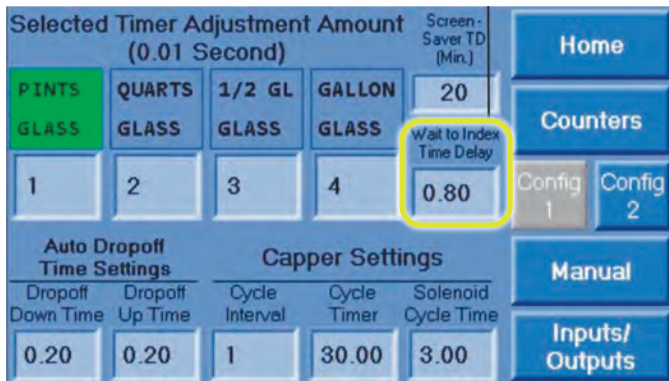
Capper Settings

When the auto cycle is enabled, the cycle interval number sets how many times the filler cycles until the capper relay runs. The cycle timer number sets how long the capper relay runs. The solenoid cycle time sets how long the capper solenoid runs. (if equipped) Tap the numbers to type in a different number. In this example the capper relay will run for 30 seconds every 1 fill cycle. The capper solenoid will run 3 seconds every fill cycle.



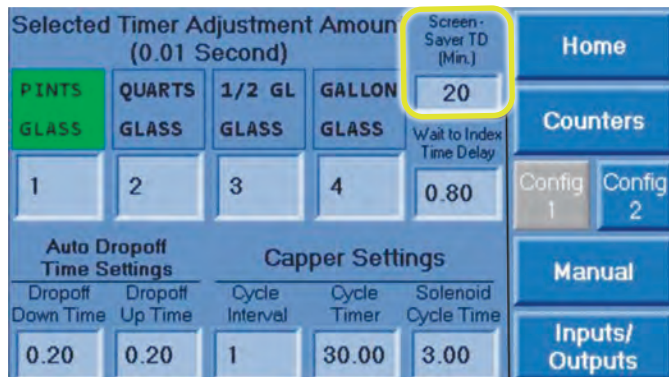
Wait to Index Time Delay

This number controls the time the indexer waits to index after the filler starts to drop down when running in auto mode. 1=1 second. Note, if this number is much below 1 second, the index wheel might run into the filler.

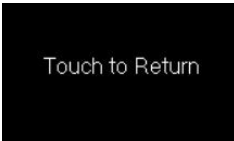


Screensaver

This is the time the screen stays on when not being used. 1=1 minute. Max Value=59

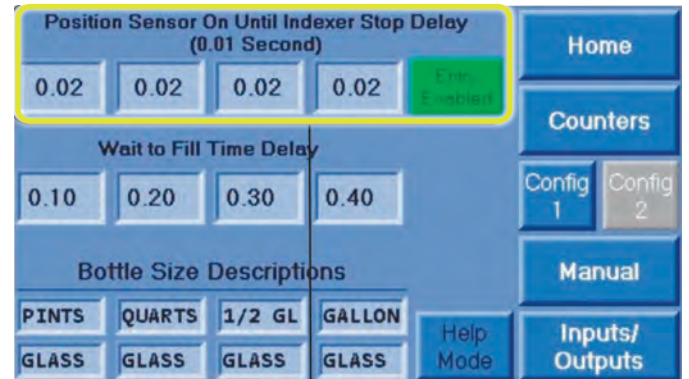


Touch anywhere on the screen to use again. **Note, the bottler will still operate in Auto, even when the screensaver turns on.**



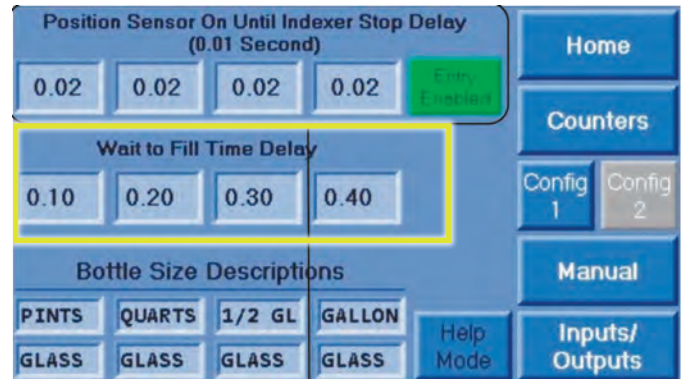
Position Sensor Stop Delay

These numbers adjust the time delay from when the position sensor is triggered until the indexer stops. The higher the number, the farther the indexer will go past position. Press the "Entry Enabled/Disabled" Button to prevent accidental entry since these numbers are critical.



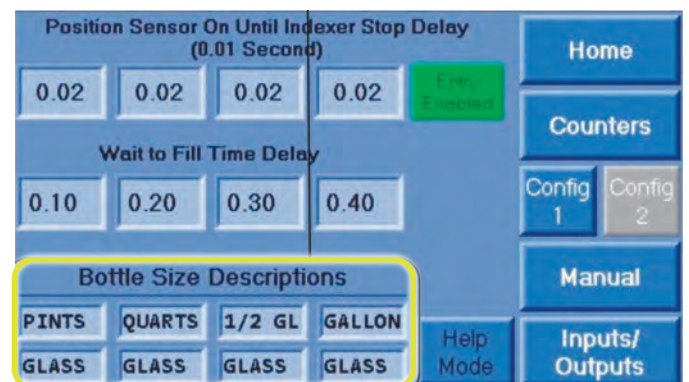
Wait to Fill Time Delay

These numbers adjust the time delay from when the indexer stops until the filler cycles. 1=1 second.



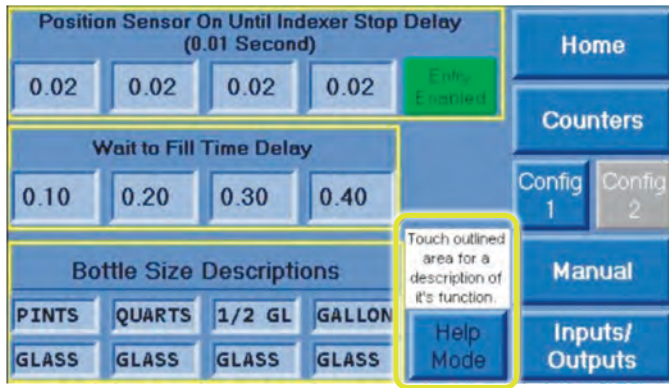
Bottle Size Descriptions

Tap these text boxes to enter descriptions for each bottle size.



Help Mode

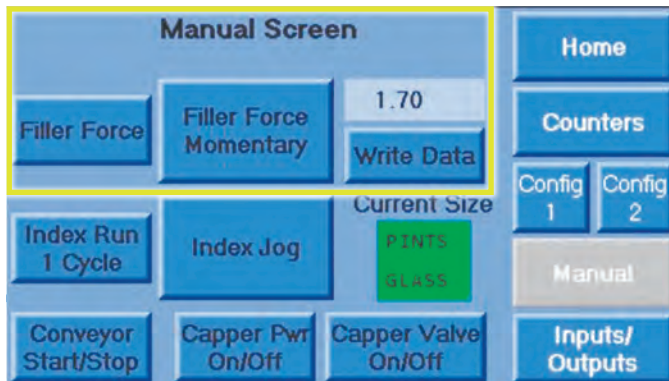
Press the "Help Mode" button to toggle the help mode on and off. When on, touch an outlined area for a description of its function. This will not affect the operation of the bottler.



MANUAL SCREEN

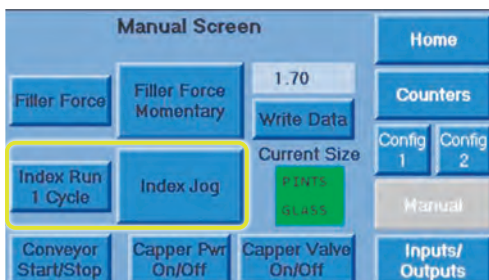
Filler Manual

To force the filler up press the "Filler Force" button. Press again to unforce the filler. Note that going back to the home screen will unforce the filler also. Holding the "Filler Force Momentary" button will force the filler up as long as the button is held. The timer to the right of the button will count up until the button is released. Press the "Write Data" button to store the time value into the current bottle size selection which is displayed on the screen. **Note that both of these buttons will be disabled if the indexer position sensor is not on.**



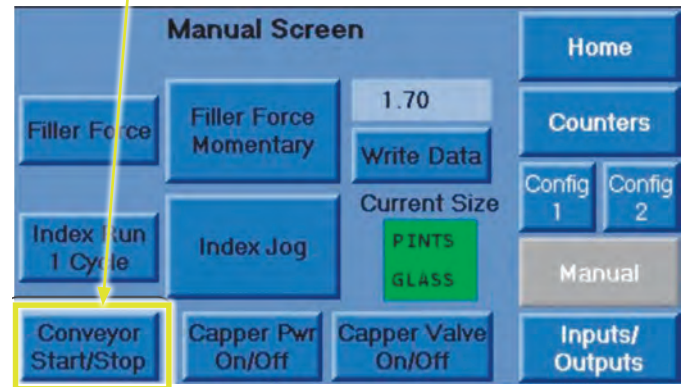
Index Manual

Press the "Index Run 1 Cycle" button to index the indexer 1 position. Press and hold the "Index Jog" button to run the indexer at slow speed as long as the button is held. Note that these buttons will be disabled if the filler is forced up. Also note that going back to the home screen while indexing will stop the indexer mid-cycle.



Manual Screen

Press the "Conveyor Start/Stop" button to start or stop the conveyor. Note that the conveyor will stop if you go back to the home screen.

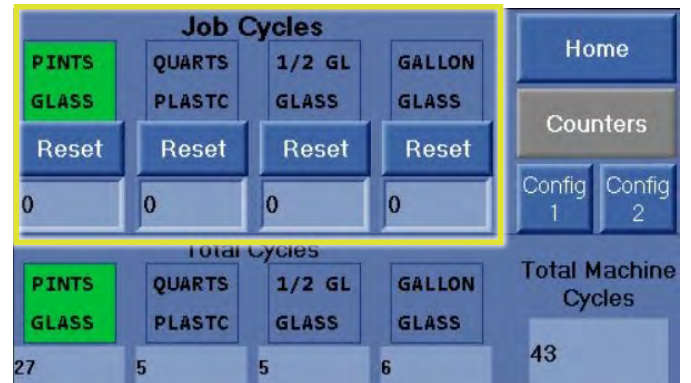


Press the "Capper PWR On/Off" pushbutton to start or stop power to the capper. Press the "Capper Valve On/Off" button to run the capper solenoid valve. Note that these functions will turn off if you go back to the home screen.

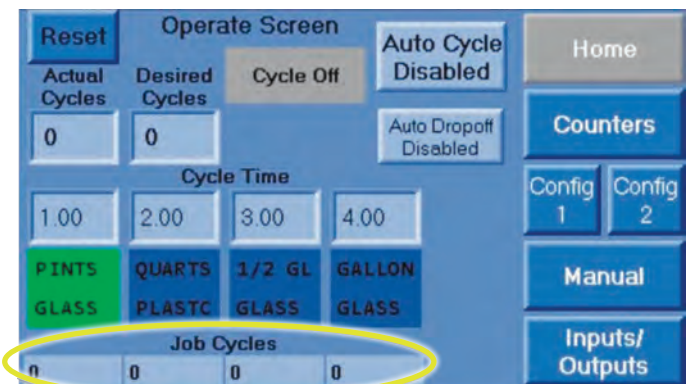
COUNTERS SCREEN

Job Cycle Counters

Press reset to reset the job cycle counters or tap the number to type in a different number.

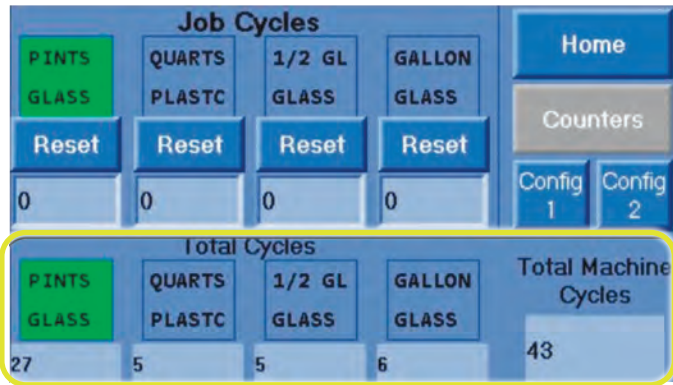


The job cycle counters are also displayed on the main screen.



Total Cycle Counters

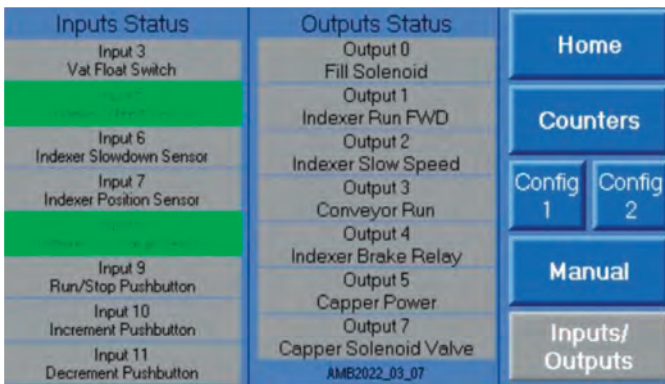
The total cycle counters count total machine cycles and total cycles per size and cannot be reset from the touchscreen.



INPUTS/OUTPUTS SCREEN

Inputs/Outputs Screen

The "Inputs/Outputs" Screen displays the status of the controller's inputs and outputs. Green=ON and Gray=OFF.



Cylinder Cushion Adjustment

Turn the cushion screws clockwise to increase the cushion and counter-clockwise to decrease the cushion. The upper screw adjusts the up stroke cushion and the lower screw adjusts the down stroke cushion.



Cylinder Flow Control Adjustment

To adjust the air flow to the cylinder, pull out on the knob and rotate it until the desired speed is attained. Then push the knob back in. The upper flow control regulates the down stroke and the lower flow control regulates the up stroke.



Selected Timer Up

Push to increase fill time for selected bottle size. This can be used while a bottle is filling.

Selected Timer Down

Push to decrease fill time for selected bottle size. This can be used while a bottle is filling.

Run/Stop

Push and hold to start or un-pause fill cycle.

Push to pause fill cycle.

Light is on solid when fill cycle is running.

Light blinks when fill cycle is paused.

Emergency Stop

Pushing this to shut down the machine.

Twist-to-Release



TROUBLESHOOTING

PROBLEM: Cap sorter stops working

SOLUTION: Check all chutes for jammed caps and/or open the rear top panel to check fuse.

PROBLEM: Filler does not come up.

SOLUTION: Try Filler Force on the Manual screen.
Verify Input 7 position sensor turns green on the I/O screen. (The Filler will not be allowed to Come up unless this sensor is on.)
Verify Output 0 Fill solenoid turns green on the I/O screen and light on air solenoid comes on.
Verify air pressure is 80+ PSI

PROBLEM: Capper does not run.

SOLUTION: Try running it from the Manual screen.
Verify Capper Settings on Config 1 screen.
Verify Output 5 Capper motor turns green on I/O screen.

PROBLEM: Conveyor does not run.

SOLUTION: Try running it from the Manual screen.
Verify Output 3 Conveyor Run turns green on I/O screen.
Check for faults on the VFD in the white control box underneath.

PROBLEM: Indexer does not run.

SOLUTION: Try Index Jog on the manual screen.
Verify indexer discharge sensor is clear.
Verify indexer infeed sensor is sensing bottles.
Verify Output 1 Indexer Run Fwd AND Output 4 Indexer Brake Relay turn green on I/O screen.
Check for faults on the VFD in the white control box underneath.

PROBLEM: Indexer does not stop to fill; runs continuously.

SOLUTION: Verify Input 6 Slowdown Sensor and then Input 7 Position Sensor comes on. The sensors underneath the machine might need to be adjusted.

PROBLEM: Bottles not lined up with filler correctly.

SOLUTION: Adjust "Position Sensor on Until Indexer Stop Delay" on Config 2 screen until the bottle is correctly aligned.

PROBLEM: Timer adjust buttons don't work.

SOLUTION: Verify Pushbutton Inputs 10 & 11 turn green on I/O screen when you push the respective buttons.
Verify Selected Timer Adjustment Amount on Config 1 screen.
Check Push-button wiring connections.

PROBLEM: Caps entering shoot backwards

SOLUTION: Adjust cap sorter angle to be steeper

PROBLEM: Caps are falling off and not going into the chute

SOLUTION: Adjust angle of cap sorter to be less steep.



Front



Back



TROUBLESHOOTING

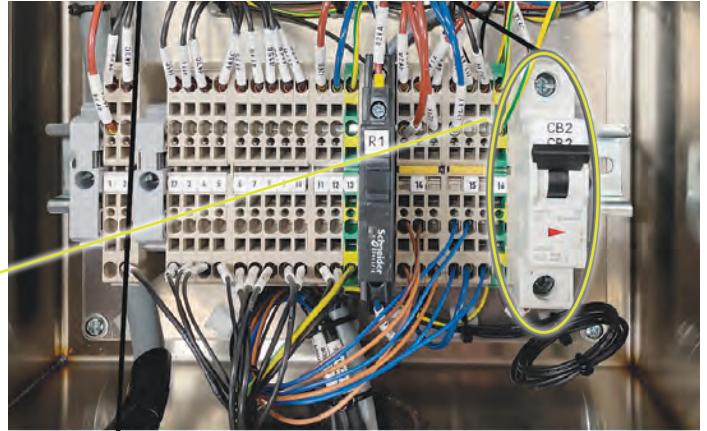
Warning! Unplug power before working in Control Boxes.

General Things to check.

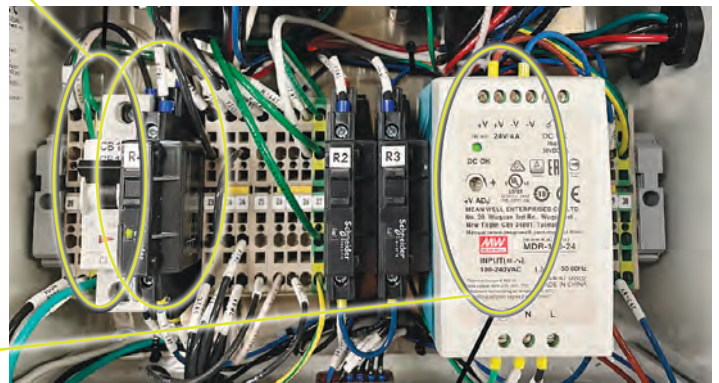
Make sure the Estop Button is not pushed in.

Check that the unit is plugged in and has power to it.

Make sure the breakers (CB1 & CB2) in both control boxes are on. If a breaker is tripping, check for a loose, cut, or pinched wire.



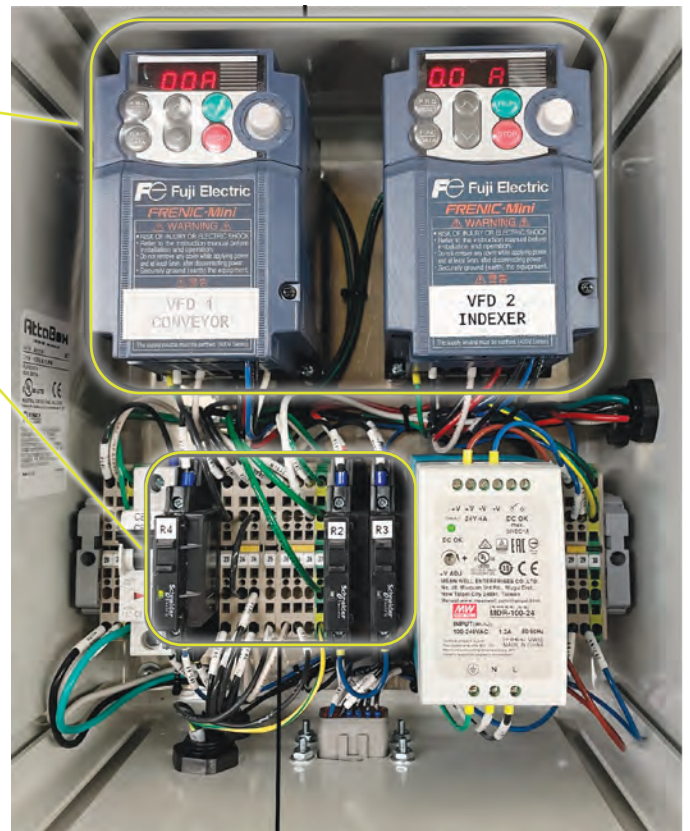
Make sure the green light on the power supply is on.



Make sure the screens on the Fuji VFD's in the white motor control box come on. Check for fault codes on the VFD screens. Refer to the VFD Manual for fault codes. If there are faults, try cycling power to the unit by unplugging the cord or turning off Breaker CB1 in the white control box.

Verify that green light on the correct relay is coming on by consulting the electrical drawings.

Check for any loose wires or connections.



Field Calibration & Troubleshooting for Bottle Capper (Model Bottlecapper90vdc)

PHOTOSENSOR FIELD CALIBRATION PROCEDURE **Do this before troubleshooting!**

This procedure should be done whenever commissioning a new machine OR WHENEVER CHANGING CAP STYLES. It should also be done as a first step in troubleshooting your machine. This is necessary to set up for the particular bottle caps you use in your machine:

1. Empty the cap chute. Observe the number displayed in the red numbers on the sensor and write it here: _____ (empty chute sensor level)
2. Choose the caps you believe will allow the most light through. Usually this will be the clearest cap or else the one with the most red color. If you are unsure, try each one in the cap chute, one at a time, and observe the red number on the display. Calibrate the sensor using the cap with which you observe the HIGHEST number in red.

3. Fill the cap chute with the cap you choose in step #2. While keeping the cap chute full, Slowly eject a few caps to sequence caps down the chute and observe the HIGHEST number ever displayed in red. Write that number here: _____ (full chute sensor level).
4. Using the up/down keys on the sensor, adjust the green number MID WAY between the number recorded in step 1 and the number recorded in step 3. For example, if the empty chute sensor level is 4000 and the full chute sensor level is 1000, then set the sensor level to 2500. The mathematical calculations to arrive at that figure are as follows: $4000 - 1000 = 3000$, $3000 / 2 = 1500$, $1500 + 1000 = 2500$.

TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURE

If motor does not run, and motor is not jammed, then follow the procedure below. **NOTE:** Jammed motor will normally light RED CL light on DC drive board. If motor jams too often, it is necessary to perform PHOTOSENSOR CALIBRATION PROCEDURE, above.

Is the GREEN LED on the bottom right of the PS1 power supply lit? (PS1 is the power supply with perforated metal enclosure and screw terminals)	
NO , the GREEN LED on PS1 is not lit.	Check for 120vac coming into terminals L1 & N (Is the machine plugged in?)
	Check for bad connection (or open switch) between terminals 3 & 4 (apply jumper to bypass from 3-4 if necessary to troubleshoot)
	Check for bad PS1 power supply or for short circuit on output circuit of PS1 (Disconnect gray wire from +V terminal of PS1 and cycle power on machine to check if GREEN LED on PS1 revives. If so, there is a short circuit. If not, PS1 is faulty.)
YES , the GREEN LED on PS1 is lit.	Is the GREEN "PWR" LED on the green DC drive board on the left lit? (The DC drive board is the non-enclosed circuit board which has quick-connect terminals).
	NO , the GREEN "PWR" LED on the DC drive board is not lit.
	YES , the GREEN "PWR" LED on the DC drive board is lit.

NO , the Panasonic photosensor digital display is not lit.	Check for blown GMA0.5 fuse
	Check cord connection on right side of Panasonic photosensor
	Call Witmer Automation—possible bad Panasonic photosensor
YES , the Panasonic photosensor digital display is lit.	Check speed knob to make sure it is set high enough
Check to make sure that Panasonic photosensor is calling for motor to run (Refer back to FIELD CALIBRATION PROCEDURE , above, then if that has been completed, check the following:	Check to make sure that both optical fibers are fully inserted and latched into Panasonic photosensor.
	Check for kinked or broken optical fiber cables running between Panasonic photosensor and cap chute.
	Check for proper alignment of optical fiber cables on either side of cap chute.
Check motor brushes	



CLEANING

Before starting cleaning and sanitizing:

SHUT OFF MACHINE AT PANEL and disconnect air supply.

After every use of the Bottle Filler, scrub the in- and outside with water and special detergent for stainless steel dairy equipment to clean the machine. Use a cleaning solution that is based on Sodium Hydroxide (NaOH) also known as caustic soda.

DO NOT spray any water on the Control Panel and Touchscreen, as this can cause damage to the Touchscreen and/or electronic parts.

Estimated Water Usage

- Initial rinse: 15-20 gallon
- Soap water wash: 15-20 gallon
- Sanitizing wash: 15-20 gallon
- Total water used: **45-60 gallon**

Manual Cleaning

This process requires the disassembly and sink washing of the Vat, Vat lid, Fogg Fill Valve, and bottle Templates after rinsing so that all product contact surfaces can be manually brush-washed to remove product residue.

All gaskets must be removed and inspected on a daily basis. Gaskets should be replaced as necessary.

The vat must be thoroughly brush washed with the proper detergent solution. The following items cannot be cleaned properly unless they are removed and disassembled.

1. Lid and attached piping
2. Vat
3. Fogg Filler Valve
4. Bottle Templates

Since manual washing is done with a brush, it is of utmost importance that proper brushes be utilized. A proper brush is one that has a block constructed of durable material that will be resistant to heat and chemicals and also be moisture proof. Also, the fill, or bristles, of the brush should be of nylon material. It is important that the fill does not act as a wick, maintaining moisture within itself that would tend to hold dirt and encourage the growth of bacteria and fungi. Rather, the brushes should be quick to dry.

Blends of various types and sizes of nylon bristles within a brush provide excellent water retention. If a nylon brush contains only one size and shape of bristle, water immediately escapes from the brush and does not provide good cleaning action. The brush that is constructed of various sizes, diameters and shapes of bristles will retain cleaning solution within it much like a sponge. This "sponge action", therefore, makes it possible to carry the cleaning solution to the surface to be cleaned. Its performance in this respect equals or surpasses that of a natural fiber bristle. Moreover, the use of a nylon or plastic block and nylon bristle provides a brush that retains its shape, has much wear resistance, and will normally outlast four or five cheaper brushes constructed of wood blocks and natural fiber bristles. At the same time, it will provide a sanitation tool that does not serve as a harbor for microorganisms. Therefore, it is the recommendation of this guideline that the term "proper brushes" indicates nylon fill with a plastic or nylon block construction.

Requirements for Sanitizers

Dairy Sanitizers should be:

- Non-toxic
- Quick acting
- Relatively non-corrosive
- Easily and quickly applied
- Relatively inexpensive
- Acceptable to USPHS/FDA and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

General Considerations

Numerous sanitizers are available for use. Plant operators must be aware of and consider the following before purchase and use of any sanitizer:

1. It must be a product that is registered and approved by the EPA and be acceptable to the USPHS/FDA.
2. It must be capable of performing the function for which it is intended.
3. Complete instructions for proper handling and use should be readily available for supervisors and employees. Proper test kits should also be readily available.
4. Product should be stored in original containers with proper labels of identification.
5. Cleaners and sanitizers should not be stored in same area with food ingredients, e.g. nonfat dry milk, stabilizers, etc.
6. The possibility of any detrimental effect of the sanitizer on the waste disposal system should be considered.

Chemical Sanitization

Hypochlorites: The most common type of chlorine sanitizers used in the dairy industry are hypochlorites. They are economical and effective for plant use. Sodium or calcium hypochlorites at varying strengths may be purchased in either granular or liquid form. Sodium hypochlorite is also available with onsite generators, using common salt, water and electricity. The lower pH of onsite generated hypochlorite offers equivalent bacterial kill at lower concentrations. Chlorine in the undiluted form can be hazardous and corrosive. Care should be taken to prepare proper strengths and to prevent personal injury and damage to equipment.

Acid Sanitizers. Acid sanitizers are a mixture of acids and wetting agents. Their germicidal properties are based upon the lower pH and the activity of the wetting agents at this low pH. They are generally slower acting than hypochlorite sanitizers.

MAINTENANCE

Cord

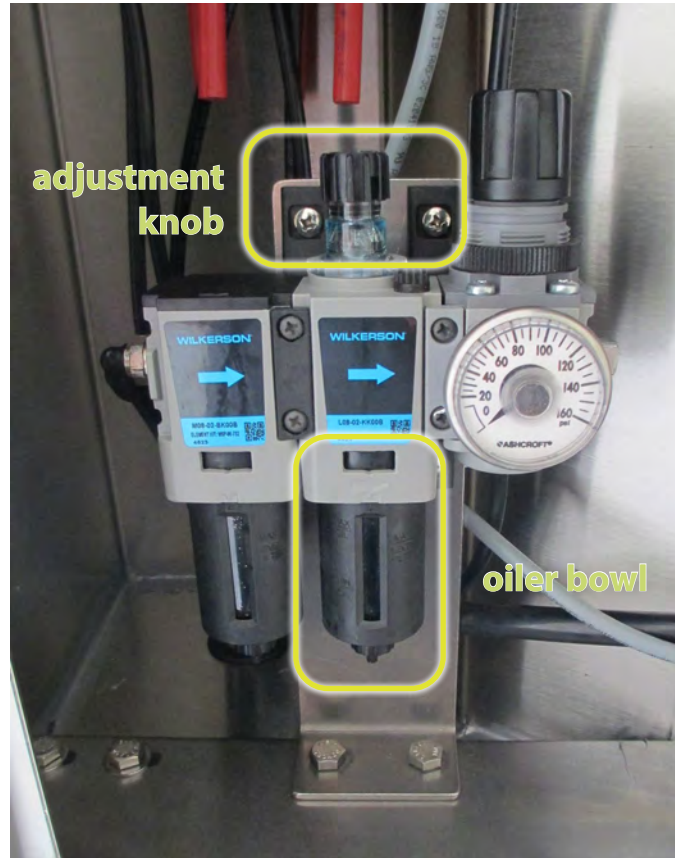
Keep cord in good condition.

Motor Compartment

Keep motor compartment clean & dry.

Oiling

- Be sure to frequently check oil level in oiler located inside the back panel of the bottler and refill if needed.
- Result of not having oil in the oiler can damage the torque wrench and air valves.
- If you see excess oil coming out of exhaust area's turn the clear knob on top of oiler clockwise.
- To refill oiler unplug the air then take oiler bowl off.



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